Multiply Adder v3.0

LogiCORE IP Product Guide

Vivado Design Suite

PG192 November 18, 2015
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Introduction

The Xilinx® LogiCORE™ IP Multiply Adder core provides implementations of multiply-add using DSP slices. It performs a multiplication of two operands and adds (or subtracts) the full-precision product to a third operand. The Multiply Adder module operates on signed or unsigned data. The module can be pipelined.

Features

- Supports twos complement-signed and unsigned operations
- Supports multiplier inputs ranging from 1 to 52 bits unsigned or 2 to 53 bits signed and an add or subtract operand input ranging from 1 to 105 bits unsigned or 2 to 106 bits signed
- Optional clock enable and synchronous clear
- Optional pipelined operation

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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthesis</td>
<td>For IP that ships with source code only, provide the synthesis tools that have been tested or indicate Not Provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Support

Provided by Xilinx at the Xilinx Support web page

Notes:

1. For a complete list of supported devices, see the Vivado IP catalog.
2. For the supported versions of the tools, see the Xilinx Design Tools: Release Notes Guide.
Overview

The Xilinx® LogiCORE™ IP Multiply Adder core provides implementations of multiply-add using DSP slices. It performs a multiplication of two operands and adds (or subtracts) the full-precision product to a third operand.

The core operates on signed or unsigned data and can be pipelined. It performs the operation \( P = C +/\- A \times B \).

Feature Summary

The Multiply Adder core supports the following:

- Twos complement-signed and unsigned operations
- Multiplier inputs ranging from 1 to 52 bits unsigned or 2 to 53 bits signed and an add or subtract operand input ranging from 1 to 105 bits unsigned or 2 to 106 bits signed
- Clock enable and synchronous clear
- Pipelined operation

Applications

The Multiply Adder core is more efficient than separate multiply and add operations in many configurations because it uses the DSP48 primitive. You can use this core in many applications, especially those based on polynomial arithmetic such as FIR and IIR implementations.

Unsupported Features

This core does not support AXI4 Stream interfaces. However, it supports full throughput (new data on each clock cycle).
Licensing and Ordering Information

This Xilinx LogiCORE IP module is provided at no additional cost with the Xilinx Vivado Design Suite under the terms of the Xilinx End User License. Information about this and other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules is available at the Xilinx Intellectual Property page. For information about pricing and availability of other Xilinx LogiCORE IP modules and tools, contact your local Xilinx sales representative.
Chapter 2

Product Specification

Resource Utilization
For details about resource utilization, visit the Performance and Resource Utilization web page.

Performance
For details about performance, visit the Performance and Resource Utilization web page.
Port Descriptions

Pinout

Signal names for the core symbol are shown in Figure 2-1 and described in Table 2-1.

![Figure 2-1: Core Symbol](image)

**Table 2-1: Core Signal Pinout**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A[N:0]</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>A Input bus (multiplier operand 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B[M:0]</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>B Input bus (multiplier operand 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C[L:0]</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>C Input bus (operand 1 of add/sub operation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCIN</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Cascade Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBTRACT</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Controls Add/Subtract operation (High = subtraction, Low = addition)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CE</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Clock Enable (active-High)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLK</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Clock (rising edge)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCLR</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Synchronous Clear (active-High)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCOUT(2)</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>Cascade Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P[Q:0]</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>Output bus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
a. The multiplier output is added to or subtracted from the C port add/sub operand.
b. Cascade ports are described in Pipelined Operation.
Designing with the Core

This chapter includes guidelines and additional information to facilitate designing with the Multiply Adder core.

General Design Guidelines

Pipelined Operation

The Multiply Adder core takes into consideration two different latency paths; one from the A and B inputs to the P output and the other from the C/PCIN input to the P output. These latencies are defined as A:B - P Latency and C - P Latency and shown schematically in Figure 3-1.

These latencies can only take on two values: 0 for no latency or -1 for maximum/optimal latency. If either one of these two latencies are specified as -1, they are both treated as if they are -1; for a completely combinatorial design, both must be set to 0.
The availability and use of the cascaded PCIN port also affect latency. Figure 3-1 shows the placement of registers inside the DSP slice implementation of the Multiply Adder in its pipelined configurations.

**MultiAdd**

**Single Xtreme DSP (DSP48) Implementation**

**Maximal/Optimal Pipelining**

---

**Figure 3-1:** Single DSP Slice Implementation
Figure 3-2 shows the Multiply Adder configured using multiple DSP slices. Internally, the Multiplier and the Adder/Subtractor cores are used to create the wide multadd function. The latency variations from port-to-port for a multiple DSP slice implementation of a MultAdd are derived from the Multiplier and or the Adder/Subtractor latencies.

When the latency parameters are set to -1, there are functions that return the actual "A:B - P Latency" and "C - P Latency" values based on the setting of all the other parameters.

**MultAdd**

**Multiple DSP48 Implementation**

![Multiple DSP Slice Implementation](image)

**Data Alignment**

All inputs are right-justified when passed to the operators inside the core. You must set the proper LSB or MSB padding or sign extending of the inputs (relative to the binary point) of the core.

In the Multiply Adder, there is no truncation or rounding of the multiplier output; it is a full precision result. The C input is added to the product LSB-to-LSB. The following example shows how the operations take place. MSB and LSB positions can be chosen to extract the desired "slice" of output data. The slice shown in the example is taken from LSB = 0 to MSB = 11.
A*B+C = P

where,

- A Width = 6
- B Width = 8
- C Width = 8

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{XXXXXX} \\
\times \text{XXXXXXXX} \\
\text{XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX} \\
+ \text{XXXXXXXXX} \\
\text{XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX}
\end{array}
\]

\[
\begin{array}{c|c}
\text{MSB} & \text{LSB}
\end{array}
\]

*Figure 3-3: Data Alignment Example*

**Vector Multiply Example**

*Figure 3-4* (single DSP slice implementation) and *Figure 3-5* (multiple DSP slice implementation) show a simple vector multiply and the necessary bit staggering required to line up inputs to the second and third MultAdd cores. If the bitwidths of the core require
multiple DSP slice implementations, **Use PCIN** is disallowed and the result is provided through P only.

**Vector Multiply**

[1x3][3x1]

![Diagram of Vector Multiply](image)

**Figure 3-4:** Vector Multiply - Single DSP Slice Implementation
Vector Multiply
[1x3][3x1]

\[
\begin{bmatrix}
A_0 & A_1 & A_2 \\
B_0 \\
B_1 \\
B_2
\end{bmatrix}
\]

Clocking
The Multiply Adder core uses a single clock called \textit{clk}. All inputs, outputs, and internal registers are subject to this clock.

Resets
The Multiply Adder core uses a single, optional, active high reset called \textit{sclr}. This global synchronous reset resets all registers in the core. All data in transit through the core is lost when \textit{sclr} is asserted.
Chapter 4

Design Flow Steps

This chapter describes customizing and generating the core, constraining the core, and the simulation, synthesis and implementation steps that are specific to this IP core. More detailed information about the standard Vivado® design flows and the IP integrator can be found in the following Vivado Design Suite user guides:

- *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP* (UG896) [Ref 2]
- *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Getting Started* (UG910) [Ref 3]

Customizing and Generating the Core

This section includes information about using Xilinx tools to customize and generate the core in the Vivado® Design Suite.

If you are customizing and generating the core in the Vivado IP integrator, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing IP Subsystems using IP integrator* (UG994) [Ref 1] for detailed information. IP integrator might auto-compute certain configuration values when validating or generating the design. To check whether the values do change, see the description of the parameter in this chapter. To view the parameter value, run the `validate_bd_design` command in the Tcl console.

You can customize the IP for use in your design by specifying values for the various parameters associated with the IP core using the following steps:

1. Select the IP from the IP catalog.
2. Double-click the selected IP or select the Customize IP command from the toolbar or right-click menu.

For details, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP* (UG896) [Ref 2] and the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Getting Started* (UG910) [Ref 3].

*Note:* Figures in this chapter are illustrations of the Vivado IDE. The layout depicted here might vary from the current version.
Core Parameters

The core parameters for this module are described below:

- **Component Name**: The name of the core component to be instantiated. The name must begin with a letter and be composed of the following characters: a to z, 0 to 9, and “_”.

- **A Input Width**: Sets the width of the Port A (multiplier operand 1) input. The valid range is 1 to 52 unsigned and 2 to 53 signed. The default value is 18. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **B Input Width**: Sets the width of the Port B (multiplier operand 2) input. The valid range is 1 to 52 unsigned and 2 to 53 signed. The default value is 18. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **C Input Width**: Sets the width of the Port C (add/subtract operand 2) input. The valid range is 1 to 105 unsigned and 2 to 106 signed. The default value is 48. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **A Input Type**: Sets the type of the Port A data. 0 = signed, 1 = unsigned. The default value is 0. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **B Input Type**: Sets the type of the Port B data. 0 = signed, 1 = unsigned. The default value is 0. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **C Input Type**: Sets the type of the Port C data. 0 = signed, 1 = unsigned. The default value is 0. This value is set automatically in IP integrator and can be overridden manually.

- **Output MSB**: Output MSB. The default value is 47. See Data Alignment for more information.

- **Output LSB**: Output LSB. The default value is 0. See Data Alignment for more information.

- **Use PCIN**: When this parameter is set to 1, the PCIN port is used. The PCIN port is the cascade input port for an adder/subtractor operand. When set to 0, the PCIN port is ignored. When set to 1, **C Input Width** is limited to 48 bits. The default value is 0.

- **Sync Control CE Priority**: This parameter controls whether or not the SCLR input is qualified by CE. When **Sync Control CE Priority** = 0, SCLR overrides the CE signal. When **Sync Control CE Priority** = 1, SCLR has an effect only when CE is high. The default value is 0.

- **A:B - P Latency**: Latency from the A and B Ports to the output port P. Valid values are: -1, 0; See the section, Pipelined Operation for more information. The default value is -1.

- **C - P Latency**: Latency from the C or PCIN Port to the output port P. Valid values are: -1, 0; See the section, Pipelined Operation for more information. The default value is -1.
User Parameters

Table 4-1 shows the relationship between the GUI fields in the Vivado IDE and the User Parameters, which can be viewed in the Tcl console.

**Table 4-1: GUI Parameter to User Parameter Relationship**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GUI Parameter/Value</th>
<th>User Parameter/Value</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input Type (under A)</td>
<td>c_a_type</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signed</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsigned</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Type (under B)</td>
<td>c_b_type</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signed</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsigned</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Type (under C)</td>
<td>c_c_type</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signed</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsigned</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use PCIN</td>
<td>c_use_pcin</td>
<td>False</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Width (under A)</td>
<td>c_a_width</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Width (under B)</td>
<td>c_b_width</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Width (under C)</td>
<td>c_c_width</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output MSB</td>
<td>c_out_high</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output LSB</td>
<td>c_out_low</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A:B-P Latency</td>
<td>c_ab_latency</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-P latency</td>
<td>c_c_latency</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synchronous Controls and Clock Enable (CE) Priority</td>
<td>c_ce_overrides_sclr</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Parameter values are listed when the GUI parameter value differs from the user parameter value. These values are indented below the associated parameter.

**Core Use Through Vivado Design Suite**

The IP GUI performs error-checking on all input parameters. Resource estimation and latency information are also available.

Several files are produced when a core is generated, and customized instantiation templates for Verilog and VHDL design flows are provided in the .veo and .vho files, respectively. For more information, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP* (UG896) [Ref 2].
Chapter 4: Design Flow Steps

Output Generation
For details, see the Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP (UG896) [Ref 2].

Constraining the Core
This section contains information about constraining the core in the Vivado Design Suite.

Required Constraints
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Device, Package, and Speed Grade Selections
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Clock Frequencies
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Clock Management
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Clock Placement
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Banking
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

Transceiver Placement
This section is not applicable for this IP core.

I/O Standard and Placement
This section is not applicable for this IP core.
Simulation

Starting with Multiply Adder v3.0 (2013.3 version), behavioral simulation models have been replaced with IEEE P1735 Encrypted VHDL. The resulting model is bit and cycle accurate with the final netlist.

For comprehensive information about Vivado simulation components, as well as information about using supported third-party tools, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Logic Simulation* (UG900) [Ref 4].

Synthesis and Implementation

This section contains information about synthesis and implementation in the Vivado Design Suite. For details about synthesis and implementation, see the *Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Designing with IP* (UG896) [Ref 2].
Appendix A

Migrating and Upgrading

This appendix contains information about migrating a design from the ISE® Design Suite to the Vivado® Design Suite, and for upgrading to a more recent version of the IP core. For customers upgrading in the Vivado Design Suite, important details (where applicable) about any port changes and other impact to user logic are included.

Migrating to the Vivado Design Suite

For information about migrating to the Vivado Design Suite, see the ISE to Vivado Design Suite Migration Guide (UG911) [Ref 5].

Multiply Adder core version 3.0 is backwards compatible with earlier versions. There are no changes to parameters, parameter values, ports, or functionality. Performance may vary slightly in different versions of the Vivado Design Suite.

Upgrading in the Vivado Design Suite

This section provides information about any changes to the user logic or port designations that take place when you upgrade to a more current version of this IP core in the Vivado Design Suite.

Multiply Adder core version 3.0 is backwards compatible with earlier versions. There are no changes to parameters, parameter values, ports, or functionality. Performance may vary slightly in different versions of the Vivado Design Suite.
Appendix B

Debugging

This appendix includes details about resources available on the Xilinx® Support website and debugging tools.

Finding Help on Xilinx.com

To help in the design and debug process when using the Multiply Adder core, the Xilinx Support web page contains key resources such as product documentation, release notes, answer records, information about known issues, and links for obtaining further product support.

Documentation

This product guide is the main document associated with the Multiply Adder core. This guide, along with documentation related to all products that aid in the design process, can be found on the Xilinx Support web page or by using the Xilinx Documentation Navigator.

Download the Xilinx Documentation Navigator from the Downloads page. For more information about this tool and the features available, open the online help after installation.

Answer Records

Answer Records include information about commonly encountered problems, helpful information on how to resolve these problems, and any known issues with a Xilinx product. Answer Records are created and maintained daily ensuring that users have access to the most accurate information available.

Answer Records for this core can be located by using the Search Support box on the main Xilinx support web page. To maximize your search results, use proper keywords such as

- Product name
- Tool message(s)
- Summary of the issue encountered

A filter search is available after results are returned to further target the results.
Master Answer Record for the Multiply Adder core

AR 54507

Technical Support

Xilinx provides technical support in the Xilinx Support web page for this LogiCORE™ IP product when used as described in the product documentation. Xilinx cannot guarantee timing, functionality, or support if you do any of the following:

• Implement the solution in devices that are not defined in the documentation.
• Customize the solution beyond that allowed in the product documentation.
• Change any section of the design labeled DO NOT MODIFY.

To contact Xilinx Technical Support, navigate to the Xilinx Support web page.

Debug Tools

There are many tools available to address Multiply Adder core design issues. It is important to know which tools are useful for debugging various situations.

Vivado Design Suite Debug Feature

The Vivado® Design Suite debug feature inserts logic analyzer and virtual I/O cores directly into your design. The debug feature also allows you to set trigger conditions to capture application and integrated block port signals in hardware. Captured signals can then be analyzed. This feature in the Vivado IDE is used for logic debugging and validation of a design running in Xilinx devices.

The Vivado logic analyzer is used with the logic debug IP cores, including:

• ILA 2.0 (and later versions)
• VIO 2.0 (and later versions)

See the Vivado Design Suite User Guide: Programming and Debugging (UG908) [Ref 6].
Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see Xilinx Support.

References

These documents provide supplemental material useful with this product guide:

5. ISE® to Vivado Design Suite Migration Guide (UG911)
8. Multiply Adder product page

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

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<th>Date</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11/18/2015</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>Added support for UltraScale+ families.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06/04/2014</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>Initial Xilinx release. Based on DS717.</td>
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