SDx Development Environment

Release Notes, Installation, and Licensing Guide

UG1238 (v2017.2) August 16, 2017
# Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08/16/2017</td>
<td>2017.2</td>
<td>Revised to reflect changes for 2017.2 SDx software.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06/20/2017</td>
<td>2017.1</td>
<td>Revised to reflect changes for 2017.1 SDx software.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Table of Contents

## Release Notes and Supported Hardware
- SDSoc - SDAccel Development Environment Common Infrastructure .............................................. 4
- What’s New in 2017.2 ................................................................................................................................. 5

## Introduction to the SDx Environments
- SDSoc Overview .................................................................................................................................. 11
- SDAccel Overview ................................................................................................................................. 12
- Hardware Requirements ......................................................................................................................... 12
- Software Requirements .......................................................................................................................... 13
- About the SDSoc Installation ............................................................................................................... 14
- About the SDAccel Installation ............................................................................................................ 14

## Obtaining a License
- Generating a License on the Xilinx Licensing Site .............................................................................. 17

## Installing the SDx Environments
- Preparing to Install the Tools ............................................................................................................... 19
- Installing SDSoc and SDAccel ............................................................................................................. 19

## Additional Resources and Legal Notices
- Additional Resources and Legal Notices ............................................................................................. 27
- References ............................................................................................................................................... 28
- Documentation Navigator and Design Hubs ....................................................................................... 29
- Please Read: Important Legal Notices ................................................................................................. 29
SDSoC - SDAccel Development Environment Common Infrastructure

The common infrastructure includes:

- Integrated installer to download and install SDSoC™ and SDAccel™ Development environments.
  - Complete installation environment containing the required tools and data files for supported devices and platforms.
  - Web-based installer support.
  - Option to install SDSoC or SDAccel environments.
- Supported Operating Systems.
  - Windows 7 and 7 SP1 Professional (64-bit) (SDSoC only).
  - Windows 10 Professional (64-bit) (SDSoC only).
  - Linux Support.
    - Red Hat Enterprise Workstation/Server 7.2 and 7.3 (64-bit).
    - Red Hat Enterprise Workstation 6.7 and 6.8 (64-bit).
    - CentOS 6.8, CentOS 7.3 (64-bit) (SDAccel only).
    - Ubuntu Linux 16.04.1 LTS (64-bit).
- Integrated GUI supporting both SDSoC and SDAccel Development environments.
  - Eclipse based IDE with support for project creation, emulation, performance estimation, implementation and debug.
  - One-stop Reports View to access all reports.
- Stability improvements of SDx GUI around project creation, emulation, and license checking.
What's New in 2017.2

SDSoC Development Environment Features

The following SDSoC™ development environment updates are included in this release:

- ARM® compiler tool chain support
  - Linaro-based gcc 6.2-2016.11 32-bit and 64-bit tool chains

- Target OS support
  - Linux (kernel 4.9, Xilinx branch xilinx-v2017.1_sdsoc), bare-metal and FreeRTOS 8.2.3
  - Example PetaLinux BSP for ZC702 platform with documentation in the SDSoC Environment Platform Development Guide (UG1146)

- Device support
  - Zynq®-7000 supporting C/C++ and OpenCL applications.
  - Enhanced Zynq UltraScale™ MPSoC support, including:
    - Support for 128-bit HP and HPC ports.
    - QEMU / RTL co-simulation based.
    - ZCU102 platform supporting C/C++ and OpenCL applications on ES2 and 1.0 silicon.
    - Support PMU firmware updates for power management.
    - ZCU102_axis_io (direct I/O) example platform
    - Supports Zynq UltraScale™ MPSoC reVISION™ and Base Targeted Reference Design 2017.2 (embedded video processing platform).

- Emulator based on QEMU and RTL co-simulation. Supports Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC and Zynq-7000 SoC platforms.
  - Linux and Windows 64-bit host support (Beta release for Windows).
  - Support for all ZCU102 platforms (C/C++ applications only), ZC702, ZC706, Zybo, ZedBoard, MicroZed platforms.
  - Command line interface with graphical waveform viewer.
  - Integrated flows within the Eclipse IDE.

- OpenCL™ compilation flows supported for Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC ZCU102 and Zynq zc702, zc706, and zed platforms.
  - Build, software profiling, and debugging flows only (no emulation, performance estimation, or event tracing in this release).
  - Linux host OS support only.
  - Performance analysis is not supported.
• SDx Eclipse UI
  ◦ Platform setup and project creation.
    ▪ Add custom platform(s) without creating an SDx project.
    ▪ SDx example store: access to GitHub SDSoC examples.
  ◦ Acceleration
    ▪ Support for accelerating C function templates.
    ▪ Launch HLS for specified hardware functions.
  ◦ Reporting
    ▪ New post-implementation utilization reports.
    ▪ Collapsible headers on all SDx reports.
• System compiler enhancements.
  ◦ Support for xFAST reVISION libraries.
  ◦ Support for multiple accelerator AXI clocks for zero_copy datamovers (i.e., all data movers for overclocked hardware functions).
  ◦ Support of packed structs and scalar widths up to 1024-bits (was 32-bits).
  ◦ Support for class members in SDS copy pragmas.
  ◦ Improved scheduling for standalone and FreeRTOS.
  ◦ Support for SG-DMA on MIG accessible DDR.
  ◦ Bug fixes.
• C/C++ runtime enhancements
  ◦ sds_alloc support for up to 4K buffers
  ◦ Support for up to 64 UIO devices
  ◦ Performance improvements
  ◦ Bug fixes
• Platform updates
  ◦ ZCU102 platform supporting Zynq UltraScale+ and OpenCL applications.
• Enhanced user-defined platform support
  ◦ Enhanced sdspfm utility to assist in SDSoC platform creation
  ◦ Enhanced error handling in the sdspfm utility
• New and updated sample applications
  ◦ Source code examples for basic hardware optimizations, including loop unrolling, pipelining, array partitioning.
  ◦ Accessible from github.com repository
  ◦ xFAST libraries for reVISION applications
• Bug fixes and infrastructure updates
  ◦ Improved error checking and handling
  ◦ Updated and enhanced accelerator driver API software
SDAccel Development Environment Features

The following SDAccel™ development environment updates are included in this release:

- RTL Kernel Support
  - Addition of new examples on github to demonstrate multiple RTL kernels along with OpenCL™ kernels
  - Several fixes to the RTL Kernel Flow and RTL Kernel Wizard.
- The SDAccel™ compiler employs mathematical techniques to identify statically the access pattern of inputs and outputs to perform better memory coalescing and burst inferencing. This is an early access feature and can be enabled with both of the following \texttt{xocc} options:
  - \texttt{--xp param:compiler.version=39}
  - \texttt{--xp param:compiler.advancedLoopOptimizations=true}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Board</th>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Supported DSAs</th>
<th>Kernel Clock Frequency MHz</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| XIL-ACCEL-RD-KU115   | KU115  | xilinx:xil-accel-rd-pcie3-ku115:4ddr:4.0 | 300                       | Production | - PCIe Gen3x8, 4 DDR.  
- Kernel clock frequency control.  
- Automatic frequency scaling.  
- Second kernel clock at a higher frequency (up to 500MHz) is now supported that can be used for user created RTL kernels.  
- Increased fabric resources for compute units. Global memory changes to volatile, between binary loads. |
| KCU1500              | KU115  | xilinx:kcu1500:4ddr:4.0                 | 300                       | Production | - PCIe Gen3x8, 4 DDR.  
- Kernel clock frequency control.  
- Automatic frequency scaling. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Board</th>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Supported DSAs</th>
<th>Kernel Clock Frequency MHz</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ADM-PCIE-KU3  | KU60   | xilinx:adm-pcie-ku3:2ddr-xpr:4.0 | 250                         | Production | • Second kernel clock at a higher frequency (up to 500MHz) is now supported that can be used for user created RTL kernels.  
                         • Increased fabric resources for compute units. Global memory changes to volatile, between binary loads. |
| ADM-PCIE-7V3  | V7690T | xilinx:adm-pcie-7v3:1ddr3.0 | 200                         | Production | PCIe Gen3x8, 1DDR  
                         Automatic frequency scaling  
                         Increased fabric resources for compute units. Global memory changes to volatile, between binary loads |

Table 2: 2017.14.x Platform Driver Changes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DSA</th>
<th>User PF Driver</th>
<th>User Device Node</th>
<th>Management PF Driver</th>
<th>Management PF Node</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xilinx:kcu1500:4ddr-xpr:4.0</td>
<td>xdma</td>
<td>/dev/xdmaX_user /dev/xdmaX_c2h_0 /dev/xdmaX_c2h_1 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_0 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_1</td>
<td>xclmgmt</td>
<td>/dev/xclmgmtX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xilinx:xlaccel-rd-ku115:4ddr-xpr:4.0</td>
<td>xdma</td>
<td>/dev/xdmaX_user /dev/xdmaX_c2h_0 /dev/xdmaX_c2h_1 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_0 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_1</td>
<td>xclmgmt</td>
<td>/dev/xclmgmtX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xilinx:xlaccel-rd-vu9p:4ddr-xpr:4.1</td>
<td>xdma</td>
<td>/dev/xdmaX_user /dev/xdmaX_c2h_0 /dev/xdmaX_c2h_1 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_0 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_1</td>
<td>xclmgmt</td>
<td>/dev/xclmgmtX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xilinx:adm-pcie-ku3:2ddr-xpr:4.0</td>
<td>xdma</td>
<td>/dev/xdmaX_user /dev/xdmaX_c2h_0 /dev/xdmaX_c2h_1 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_0 /dev/xdmaX_h2c_1</td>
<td>xclmgmt</td>
<td>/dev/xclmgmtX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2017.2 enhancements also include:

- **SDx Eclipse UI**
  - Platform setup and project creation.
    - Add custom platform(s) without creating an SDx project.
    - SDx example store: access to GitHub SDSoC and SDAccel examples.
    - Wizard for creating RTL kernels.
  - Acceleration
    - Support for accelerating C function templates.
    - Launch HLS for specified hardware functions.
  - Reporting
    - New post-implementation utilization reports.
    - Collapsible headers on all SDx reports.

- **Xilinx Runtime**
  - Support for the Production level xocl kernel driver, based on Linux kernel GEM framework for PCIe® based DSAs has the following features:
    - Support for host page pinning which improves DMA bandwidth.
    - Uses Linux kernel based memory management for device memory management.
    - Is multi-threading safe and provides a single device node per device for all device operations.
    - xocl requires Redhat 6.9 or higher version or Ubuntu 16.04.
    - xocl driver is installed by default with xbinst. The rest of the steps (e.g. running ./install.sh) remain the same.
    - Features ROM in device which advertises device configuration.
  - Enhanced runtime to support pinning all threads created by runtime to CPUs specified in sdaccel.ini. For example, pin all xocl created threads to cpu #4 and cpu #5:
    ```
    % cat sdaccel.ini
    {{ [Runtime]}}
    cpu_affinity ={4,5}
    ```
  - Migration to xclbin2 format, which has features like skipping bitstream re-download if the same bitstream is already running.
  - Calling `clReleaseContext()` truly releases exclusive lock on the device so that another concurrently running application can create context with `clCreateContext()`.
  - Several new features in xbask including the new commands `scan`, `mem`, and `status`.
  - xbsak flash requires root permissions.

- **xocc** supports set target kernel frequency. Overriding kernel clock frequency with lower frequency might help with designs that fail to meet timing on platform clocks.
  - `--kernel_frequency<arg>` sets a user-defined clock frequency in MHz for kernel, overriding a default value from DSA.
  - For a kernel compilation to change target to 150 MHz, add `--kernel_frequency 150`.
• Added support for platform repo_path in xbinst.
  ◦ A new switch --platform_repo_paths and an existing environment variable
    PLATFORM_REPO_PATHS in xbinst. The switch passed from the command line has a
    higher priority than the value passed from the environment variable.

• Usability
  ◦ GDB extension to provide visibility into OpenCL data structures cl_queue, cl_event,
    and cl_mem to debug host application hangs.

• Enhanced debug checks in HW Emulation Flow covering:
  ◦ Kernel or System transactions hangs.
  ◦ Uninitialized memory read by kernel.
  ◦ Out of DDR Range access.
  ◦ Out of Bounds array access.
  ◦ Periodic aliveness status during long HW Emulation runs.

• Fixes to application debug for multi-threaded host application
  ◦ Hardware emulation supports clCreateBuffer call before clCreateProgram.
Introduction to the SDx Environments

The 2017.2 SDx™ Environment software release consists of the SDSoC™ Development Environment for Zynq® Ultrascale+ MPSoC and Zynq-7000 SoC families, and the SDAccel™ Development Environment for Data Center and PCI-e based accelerator systems. These environments share a common installer, but are licensed individually. All SDx Environments include the Vivado® Design Suite for programming the target devices and for developing custom hardware platforms.

SDSoC Overview

The SDSoC™ (Software-Defined System On Chip) environment is an Eclipse-based Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for implementing heterogeneous embedded systems using the Zynq®-7000 All Programmable SoC and Zynq UltraScale+™ MPSoC platforms. The SDSoC environment provides an embedded C/C++ application development experience with an easy-to-use Eclipse IDE, and comprehensive design tools for heterogeneous Zynq-7000 AP SoC and Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC development to software engineers and system architects.

New in 2017.2, the SDSoC Environment introduces support for OpenCL™ applications with hardware kernels that target Zynq and Zynq Ultrascale+ MPSoC devices.

The SDSoC environment includes a full-system optimizing C/C++ compiler that provides automated software acceleration in programmable logic combined with automated system connectivity generation. The application programming model within the SDSoC environment should be intuitive to software engineers. An application is written as C/C++ code, with the programmer identifying a target platform and a subset of the functions within the application to be compiled into hardware. The SDSoC system compiler then compiles the application into hardware and software to realize the complete embedded system implemented on a Zynq device, including a complete boot image with firmware, operating system, and application executable.

The SDSoC environment abstracts hardware through increasing layers of software abstraction that includes cross-compilation and linking of C/C++ functions into programmable logic fabric as well as the ARM CPUs within a Zynq device. Based on a user specification of program functions to run in programmable hardware, the SDSoC environment performs program analysis, task scheduling and binding onto programmable logic and embedded CPUs, as well as hardware and software code generation that automatically orchestrates communication and cooperation among hardware and software components.
SDAccel Overview

SDAccel™ is a development environment for OpenCL™ applications targeting Xilinx FPGA based accelerator cards. This environment enables concurrent programming of the in-system processor and the FPGA fabric without the need for extensive FPGA design experience. The application is captured as a host program written in OpenCL C and a set of computation kernels expressed in C, C++, OpenCL C, or RTL.

Hardware Requirements

SDSoC Hardware Requirements

The 2017.2 SDSoc™ environment release includes support for the following development boards:

- ZC702, ZC706, and ZedBoard development boards featuring the Zynq-7000 AP SoC
- ZCU102 development board featuring the Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC.

Additional platforms are available from partners. Also, the SDSoC Platform Utility enables you to target any custom Zynq and Zynq UltraScale+ board. For more information, visit the SDSoC Developer Zone: [https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdsoc.html](https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdsoc.html).

You also need a mini-USB cable to observe the UART output from the board.

SDAccel Hardware Requirements

The SDAccel™ environment requires the following hardware:

- Acceleration Card. Use one of the following:
  - Alpha Data ADM-PCIE-KU3 card. The card is based on the Kintex® UltraScale™ XCKU060T-2FFVA1156E FPGA.
  - Alpha Data ADM-PCIE-7V3 card. The card is based on the Virtex®-7 XC7VX690T-2FFG1157C FPGA.
  - Xilinx Xil-ACCEL-RD-KU115 card. The card is based on the Kintex UltraScale XCKU115-FLVB2104-2-E FPGA.
  - Xilinx Kintex UltraScale FPGA KCU1500 Reconfigurable Acceleration card based on XCKU115-FLVB2104-2-E FPGA.
• Host computer: Desktop computer for hosting the acceleration card. The host computer must provide the following.
  ◦ Motherboard with a PCIe Gen3 X8 slot
  ◦ 16 GB RAM
  ◦ 100GB free disk space
  ◦ DVD drive
• Programming computer: Laptop or desktop computer running the supplied Vivado Design Suite 2016.4 for programming the FPGA.
• Xilinx® Platform Cable USB 2, part number HW-USB-II-G for connecting the programming computer to the acceleration card. See the Platform Cable USB II Data Sheet, (DS593).
• Additional platforms are available from partners. For more information, visit the SDAccel Developer Zone: https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdaccel.html.

**Known Issues**

Xilinx performs substantial testing across of a number of different systems. The following are issues that we have identified on some common systems.

**Table 3: Known Issues**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Known Issues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASUS P8Z77 WS</td>
<td>Receiver errors (DLLP Errors) are seen sometimes. They are benign and can be safely ignored.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASUS Z170-A</td>
<td>This system will not boot with CentOS/RHEL 6.8. Please use CentOS/RHEL 7 on these systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gigabyte AX370-Gaming 5</td>
<td>The VU9P card links at Gen1x8 on the middle slot which is a x8 slot. Please use a different PCIe slot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SuperMicro X10 SDV-TLN4F</td>
<td>No known issues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SuperMicro X10SRi-F</td>
<td>All slots have some issues (Link happens on this card but DMA fails). Please find a different system to use for SDAccel Development.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Software Requirements**

The SDx™ Development Environment runs on both Linux and Windows operating systems. The supported operating systems are listed below.

- Windows 7 and 7 SP1 Professional (64-bit) (SDSoC only)
- Windows 10 Professional (64-bit) (SDSoC only)
- Linux Support
  - Red Hat Enterprise Workstation/Server 7.2-7.3 (64-bit)
  - Red Hat Enterprise Workstation 6.7 and 6.8 (64-bit)
  - CentOS 6.8, CentOS 7.3 (64-bit) (SDAccel)
  - Ubuntu Linux 16.04.1 LTS (64-bit)
About the SDSoC Installation

The installation of SDSoC™ includes the following:

- SDSoC environment, including an Eclipse/CDT-based GUI, high-level system compiler, and ARM GNU toolchain
- Vivado® Design Suite System Edition, with Vivado High-Level Synthesis (HLS) and the Xilinx® Software Development Kit (SDK)

The SDSoC environment includes the same GNU ARM toolchain included with the Xilinx Software Development Kit (SDK), which also provides additional tools used by the SDSoC environment. The SDSoC environment setup script sets PATH variables to use this toolchain.

More information about the SDSoC installation:

- The provided toolchains contain 32-bit executables, requiring your Linux host OS installation to include 32-bit compatibility libraries.
- RHEL 6 and 7 64-bit x86 Linux installations might not include the 32-bit compatibility libraries, and might need to be added separately; see https://access.redhat.com/site/solutions/36238.
- On RHEL, 32-bit compatibility libraries can be installed by becoming a superuser (or root) with root access privileges and running the yum install glibc.i686 command.
- On Ubuntu, 32-bit compatibility libraries can be installed by becoming a superuser (or root) with root access privileges and running the following commands. Refer to SDSoC Development Environment Features for additional information.

```
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libc6:i386 libncurses5:i386 libstdc++6:i386
sudo apt-get install libgtk2.0-0:i386 dpkg-dev:i386
sudo ln -s /usr/bin/make /usr/bin/gmake
```

- The version of the toolchain can be displayed by running the `arm-linux-gnueabihf-g++ -v` command.
- The last line of the output printed in the shell window should be GCC version 4.9.2 (pre-release) (20140904).

About the SDAccel Installation

The SDAccel™ Environment runs on the Linux operating systems only with no support for Windows. It supports RedHat Enterprise Linux, CentOS 6.9 and 7.3 64-bit, as well as Ubuntu 16.04 64-bit.
CentOS/RHEL 7.3 (6.9 also supported) Package List

Please install the EPEL repository using the instructions at https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/EPEL. In addition, the following packages should be installed with the `yum` install command.

- ocl-icd
- ocl-icd-devel
- opencl-headers
- kernel-headers
- kernel-devel
- gcc-c++
- gcc
- gdb
- make
- opencv
- libjpeg-turbo-devel
- libpng12-devel
- python (gdb capability in SDAccel works with python 2.7.5)
- git
- unzip
- dmidecode
- redhat-lsb
- kernel-headers-$(uname -r)
- compat-libtiff3
Ubuntu 16.04 Package List

The following packages should be installed with `apt-get install` command.

- ocl-icd-libopencl1
- opencl-headers
- ocl-icd-opencl-dev
- linux-Headers
- linux-libc-dev
- g++
- gcc
- gdb
- make
- libopencv-core
- libjpeg-dev
- libpeng-dev
- python
- git
- dmidecode
- lsb
- unzip
- linux-headers-$\{uname -r\)
Obtaining a License

The steps to obtain a license for the SDx™ development environment are described below.

Generating a License on the Xilinx Licensing Site

1. Sign in to the Xilinx® licensing website: https://www.xilinx.com/getproduct. See the following figure.

   Table 4: Xilinx Licensing Site Sign-in Screen

   ![Sign in to the Xilinx Licensing Site](image)

   If this is your first time generating a license for the SDAccel™ - Xilinx OpenCL™ Design Environment, contact your Xilinx representative to enable your access to the SDAccel licensing website.

   SDSOc comes with a 60-day evaluation license, so you should be able to see it in your available license list.

2. In the account drop-down menu, select XILINX - SDSoC Environment or SDAccel Environment.

   **NOTE:** This only shows up if you have purchased or redeemed an SDSoC™ or SDAccel license.

   **IMPORTANT:** If you are interested in SDSoC, you should also see a "SDSoC 60-day evaluation license" for the first time use.
3. From the Certificate Based Licenses menu, select **SDSoC Environment, Node-Locked License** or **SDAccel Environment, Node-Locked License**.

   **Table 5: Certificate Based Licenses Menu**

4. Click **Generate node-locked license**.
5. Enter a Host ID in the **License Generation** screen and click **Next**.
6. Verify that the Host ID for the license is correct and click **Next**.
7. Accept the licensing agreement by clicking **Accept**.
   
   You will receive an email from xilinx.notification@entitlenow.com with the license file.

8. Set the `XILINX_LICENSE_FILE` environment variable to point to the location of the license file on your system.
Installing the SDx Environments

This chapter explains the installation process for either the SDSoC™ environment or the SDAccel™ environment.

Preparing to Install the Tools

**NOTE:** Before starting installation, you must complete the following steps.

1. Make sure your system meets the requirements described in Hardware Requirements and Software Requirements.
2. Disable anti-virus software to reduce installation time.
3. Close all open programs before you begin installation.

Installing SDSoC and SDAccel

You have two options for installation of SDSoC™ and SDAccel™. Both installation types are available on the Xilinx® Downloads Website.

**NOTE:** There are separate installers for SDSoC and SDAccel. When you launch the installer for the product you want to use, the devices are preselected for you.

Using the Web Installer

Using the web installer is recommended.

Using the web installer you can pick and choose what you would like to install up front and that is the only data that will need to get downloaded for installation. Also, in the case of a network failure, you can resume from where you last stopped, instead of starting from the beginning again.

**NOTE:** The following devices are pre-selected in the individual installers: - For the SDAccel™-specific web installer, 7 Series, UltraScale™, and UltraScale+™ are pre-selected. - For the SDSoC-specific web installer, Zynq®-7000 and UltraScale+ MPSoC are pre-selected. - For the combined SDx SFD (single file download) image, no devices are pre-selected.
Downloading and Installing the Full Installation File

If you downloaded the full product installation, decompress the file and run xsetup (for Linux) or xsetup.exe (for Windows, not available for SDAccel™) to launch the installation.

If you downloaded the web installer client, launch the downloaded file. You are prompted to log in and use your regular Xilinx login credentials to continue with the installation process.

Xilinx recommends the use of 7-zip or WinZip (v.15.0 or newer) to decompress the downloaded tar.gz file.

- The Download and Install Now choice allows you to select specific tools and device families on following screens, downloads only the files required to install those selections, and then installs them for you. After entering your login credentials, you can select between a traditional web-based installation or a full image download.
- The Download Full Image requires you to select a download destination and to choose whether you want a Windows only, Linux only, or an install that supports both operating systems. There are no further options to choose with the Download Full Image selection, and installation needs to be done separately by running the xsetup application from the download directory.

Batch Mode Installation Flow

The installer can run in an unattended batch process. To run unattended, a standard edition and install location must be specified or a configuration file must be present which tells the installer the install location and which of the tools, devices and options you wish to install. The installer has a mode in which it can generate a reference option file for you based on common configurations, which you can further edit to customize your installation.

Xilinx recommends that you generate this reference for each new quarterly release, so that new devices, tools, options or other changes will be accounted for in your options file.

To begin using batch mode, open a command shell and change to the directory where you have stored your extracted installer.

For Windows, open the command window with administrator privileges and run the xsetup.bat file, found in the \bin directory, and not xsetup.exe with the options below.

Generating a Configuration File

1. Run: xsetup -b ConfigGen

   This will put you in an interactive mode where you will see the following menu. Choose the SDx™ IDE for SDSoC™ and SDAccel™ development environments edition.

2. After you make a selection, you will be prompted with the location/filename for your configuration file and the interactive mode exits.

   Below is a sample configuration file:
### SDx IDE for SDSoC and SDAccel development environments

#### Configuration

Edition=SDx IDE for SDSoC and SDAccel development environments

# Path where Xilinx software will be installed.
Destination=/opt/Xilinx

# Choose the Products/Devices the you would like to install.
Modules=DocNav:1,UltraScale+:0,7 Series:0,Zynq UltraScale+ MPSoC:0,Zynq-7000:0,UltraScale:0

# Choose the post install scripts you'd like to run as part of the finalization step.
Note that some of these scripts may require user interaction during runtime.
InstallOptions=Enable WebTalk for SDx to send usage statistics to Xilinx:1

## Shortcuts and File associations ##

# Choose whether Start menu/Application menu shortcuts will be created or not.
CreateProgramGroupShortcuts=1

# Choose the name of the Start menu/Application menu shortcut. This setting will be ignored if you choose NOT to create shortcuts.
ProgramGroupFolder=Xilinx Design Tools

# Choose whether shortcuts will be created for All users or just the Current user.
Shortcuts can be created for all users only if you run the installer as administrator.
CreateShortcutsForAllUsers=0

# Choose whether shortcuts will be created on the desktop or not.
CreateDesktopShortcuts=1

# Choose whether file associations will be created or not.
CreateFileAssociation=1

Each option in the configuration file matches a corresponding option in the GUI. A value of 1 means that option is selected; a value of 0 means the option is unselected.

**NOTE:** In this configuration file, by default there are no devices selected for installation (all devices have a value of 0). You MUST update a device to a value of 1 in order to install that device.

### Running the Installer

Now that you have edited your configuration file to reflect your installation preferences, you are ready to run the installer. As part of the command line installer, you must indicate your acceptance of the Xilinx End-User License Agreement [Xilinx End-User License Agreement](www.xilinx.com) and Third Party End-User License Agreement [Third Party End-User License Agreement](www.xilinx.com), and confirm you understand the WebTalk Terms and Conditions.
**WebTalk Terms and Conditions**

The WebTalk Terms and Conditions, which you must agree to when running the installer, reads as follows:

By indicating **I AGREE**, I also confirm that I have read Section 13 of the terms and conditions above concerning WebTalk and have been afforded the opportunity to read the WebTalk FAQ posted at [https://www.xilinx.com/webtalk](https://www.xilinx.com/webtalk). I understand that I am able to disable WebTalk later if certain criteria described in Section 13(c) apply. If they don't apply, I can disable WebTalk by uninstalling the Software or using the Software on a machine not connected to the internet. If I fail to satisfy the applicable criteria or if I fail to take the applicable steps to prevent such transmission of information, I agree to allow Xilinx to collect the information described in Section 13(a) for the purposes described in Section 13(b).

When using the command line, use the command-line switch, `-a` or `--agree`, to indicate your agreement to each of the above. If one of the above is left out of the list, or the agree switch is not specified, the installer exits with an error and does not install.

**Verifying Connectivity**

The installer connects to the Internet through the system proxy settings in Windows. These settings can be found under **Control Panel > Network and Internet > Internet Options**. For Linux users, the installer uses Firefox browser proxy settings (when explicitly set) to determine connectivity.

*Figure 1: Vivado Design Suite Installation - Connectivity*

If there are connectivity issues, verify the following:

1. If you are using alternate proxy settings to the ones referred to, select the **Manual Proxy Configuration** option to specify the settings.
2. Check whether your company firewall requires a proxy authentication with a user name and password. If so, select the **Manual Proxy Configuration** option in the dialog box above.
3. For Linux users, if either the **Use System settings** or the **Auto detect settings** option is selected in the Firefox browser, you must manually set the proxy in installer.

**Accepting License Agreements**

Carefully read the license agreements before continuing with the installation. If you do not agree to the terms and conditions, cancel the installation and contact Xilinx.
Selecting Tool and Device Options

Customize the installation by choosing the design tools, device families and installation options. Selecting only what you need helps to minimize the time taken to download and install the product. You will be able to add to this installation later by clicking Add Design Tools or Devices from either the operating system Start Menu or the Vivado > Help menu.

When you launch the installer for the product you want to use, the devices are preselected for you.
Setting Destination Directory and Installation Options

Define the installation directory for the software, as shown in the following figure.

**NOTE:** *The installation directory name must not contain any spaces in any part of the directory path.*

You can customize the creation of the program group entries (Start Menu) and the creation of desktop shortcuts. The shortcut creation and file association options can be applied to the current user or all users.
Reviewing the Installation Details

Review the installation details shown in the **Installation Summary** screen.
When you click **Install**, the installation process takes several minutes to complete.

**Setting Up the Environment to Run SDx**

To set up the environment to run SDx™, source the file below so that `sdx` command is in the `PATH`:

```bash
C Shell: source <SDX_INSTALL_DIR>/settings64.csh
Bash: source <SDX_INSTALL_DIR>/settings64.sh
```
Appendix A

Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see Xilinx Support.

Solution Centers

See the Xilinx Solution Centers for support on devices, software tools, and intellectual property at all stages of the design cycle. Topics include design assistance, advisories, and troubleshooting tips.

Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Xilinx Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see Xilinx Support.

Solution Centers

See the Xilinx Solution Centers for support on devices, software tools, and intellectual property at all stages of the design cycle. Topics include design assistance, advisories, and troubleshooting tips.
References

**SDAccel Documents**

*SDAccel Environment User Guide (UG1023)*

*SDAccel Environment Optimization Guide (UG1207)*

*SDAccel Environment Tutorial: Introduction (UG1021)*

*SDAccel Environment Platform Development Guide (UG1164)*

**SDSoC Documents**

*SDSoC Environment User Guide (UG1027)*

*SDSoC Environment Optimization Guide (UG1235)*

*SDSoC Environment Tutorial: Introduction (UG1028)*

*SDSoC Environment Platform Development Guide (UG1146)*

**Additional Documents**

*SDx Pragma Reference Guide (UG1253)*

*Xilinx OpenCV User Guide (UG1233)*

*Platform Cable USB II Data Sheet (DS593)*

Xilinx® licensing website: [https://www.xilinx.com/getproduct](https://www.xilinx.com/getproduct)

SDSoC Developer Zone: [https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdsoc.html](https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdsoc.html).

SDAccel Developer Zone: [https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdaccel.html](https://www.xilinx.com/products/design-tools/software-zone/sdaccel.html)

*Xilinx End-User License Agreement (UG763)*

Third Party End-User License Agreement (UG1254)
Documentation Navigator and Design Hubs

Xilinx® Documentation Navigator provides access to Xilinx documents, videos, and support resources, which you can filter and search to find information. To open the Xilinx Documentation Navigator (DocNav):

- From the Vivado® IDE, select Help > Documentation and Tutorials.
- On Windows, select Start > All Programs > Xilinx Design Tools > DocNav.
- At the Linux command prompt, enter docnav.

Xilinx Design Hubs provide links to documentation organized by design tasks and other topics, which you can use to learn key concepts and address frequently asked questions. To access the Design Hubs:

- In the Xilinx Documentation Navigator, click the Design Hubs View tab.
- On the Xilinx website, see the Design Hubs page.

For more information on Documentation Navigator, see the Documentation Navigator page on the Xilinx website.

Please Read: Important Legal Notices

The information disclosed to you hereunder (the “Materials”) is provided solely for the selection and use of Xilinx products. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law: (1) Materials are made available “AS IS” and with all faults, Xilinx hereby DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES AND CONDITIONS, EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE; and (2) Xilinx shall not be liable (whether in contract or tort, including negligence, or under any other theory of liability) for any loss or damage of any kind or nature related to, arising under, or in connection with, the Materials (including your use of the Materials), including for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential loss or damage (including loss of data, profits, goodwill, or any type of loss or damage suffered as a result of any action brought by a third party) even if such damage or loss was reasonably foreseeable or Xilinx had been advised of the possibility of the same. Xilinx assumes no obligation to correct any errors contained in the Materials or to notify you of updates to the Materials or to product specifications. You may not reproduce, modify, distribute, or publicly display the Materials without prior written consent. Certain products are subject to the terms and conditions of Xilinx’s limited warranty, please refer to Xilinx’s Terms of Sale which can be viewed at https://www.xilinx.com/legal.htm#tos; IP cores may be subject to warranty and support terms contained in a license issued to you by Xilinx. Xilinx products are not designed or intended to be fail-safe or for use in any application requiring fail-safe performance; you assume sole risk and liability for use of Xilinx products in such critical applications, please refer to Xilinx’s Terms of Sale which can be viewed at https://www.xilinx.com/legal.htm#tos.
AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS DISCLAIMER

AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS (IDENTIFIED AS "XA" IN THE PART NUMBER) ARE NOT WARRANTED FOR USE IN THE DEPLOYMENT OF AIRBAGS OR FOR USE IN APPLICATIONS THAT AFFECT CONTROL OF A VEHICLE ("SAFETY APPLICATION") UNLESS THERE IS A SAFETY CONCEPT OR REDUNDANCY FEATURE CONSISTENT WITH THE ISO 26262 AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY STANDARD ("SAFETY DESIGN"). CUSTOMER SHALL, PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY SYSTEMS THAT INCORPORATE PRODUCTS, THOROUGHLY TEST SUCH SYSTEMS FOR SAFETY PURPOSES. USE OF PRODUCTS IN A SAFETY APPLICATION WITHOUT A SAFETY DESIGN IS FULLY AT THE RISK OF CUSTOMER, SUBJECT ONLY TO APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING LIMITATIONS ON PRODUCT LIABILITY.

© Copyright 2016-2017 Xilinx, Inc. Xilinx, the Xilinx logo, Artix, ISE, Kintex, Spartan, Virtex, Vivado, Zynq, and other designated brands included herein are trademarks of Xilinx in the United States and other countries. OpenCL and the OpenCL logo are trademarks of Apple Inc. used by permission by Khronos. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.